## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

Docket No.: 28967/5680D

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of claims:**

- 1-8. (Canceled)
- 9. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 45, wherein the measuring step comprises exposing said sample to a composition comprising an antibody that specifically binds VEGF-D.
- 10. (Previously presented) The method according to 9, wherein said antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
- 11. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 9, wherein said antibody includes a detectable label.
- 12. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 45, wherein said neoplastic disease is selected from the group consisting of malignant melanoma, breast ductal carcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma, prostate cancer and endometrial cancer.
- 13. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 46, wherein said sample is a human tissue sample.

14-40. (Canceled)

41. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 46, wherein said sample comprises a lymph node.

42-44. (Canceled)

- 45. (Previously presented) A method of diagnosing growth characteristics of a neoplastic disease in an organism, the method comprising:
  - (a) obtaining a sample from an organism with a neoplastic disease;

Application No. 10/627,631 Docket No.: 28967/5680D

Amendment dated February 28, 2008 Reply to Office Action of October 31, 2007

(b) measuring amount and size of VEGF-D polypeptide in said sample;and

(c) diagnosing growth characteristics of the neoplastic disease from the amount and size of the VEGF-D measured in step (b), wherein increased unprocessed VEGF-D in said sample correlates with increased tumor growth or metastatic risk.

46. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 45, wherein said sample is selected from the group consisting of tissue, blood, serum, plasma, urine, ascities fluid and pleural effusion.

47. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 46, wherein said sample comprises endothelial cells.